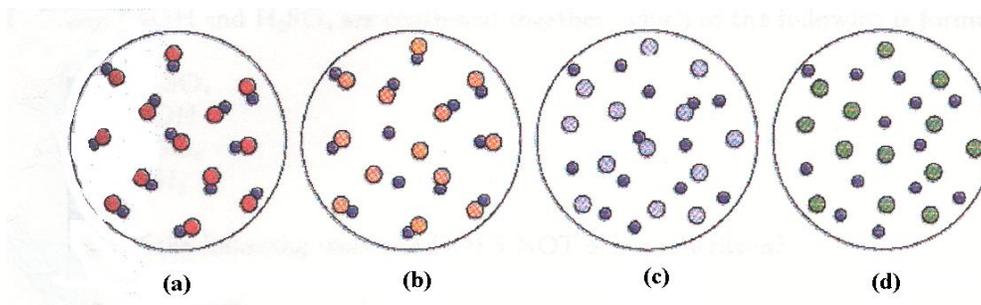


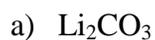
REVIEW QUESTIONS

Chapter 8

1. Identify each of the diagrams below as strong electrolyte, weak electrolyte or non-electrolyte:



2. Identify the predominant particles in each of the following solutions and write the equation for the formation of the solution:



3. How many equivalents are present in 5.0 g of Al^{3+} ?

7. Calculate the moles of solute needed to prepare each of the following solutions:

a) 450 mL of 0.20 M KBr solution.

b) 2.0 L of 1.5 M NaOH solution.

8. Calculate the mass of solute needed to prepare each of the following solutions:

a) 2.0 L of 1.8 M NaOH solution.

b) 250 mL of 1.0 M CaCl₂ solution.

c) 750 mL of 3.5% (m/v) K₂CO₃ solution.

9. What volume (mL) of a 4.0 M solution of KCl contains 0.100 moles of solute?

10. What volume (mL) of a 1.5 M solution of NaCl contains 25.0 g of solute?

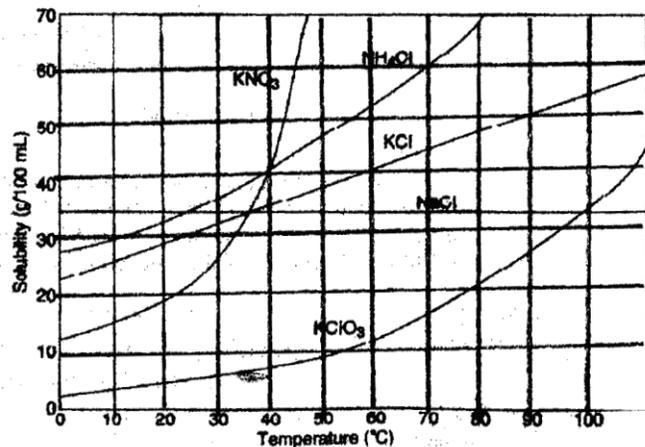
11. How many liters of a 5.0% (m/v) glucose solution would contain 75 g of glucose?

12. A patient receives an IV containing 2.5% (m/v) glucose solution at the rate of 35 mL in 1 hour. How many grams of glucose does this patient receive after 12 hours?

13. Use the solubility graph below to answer the following questions:

a) Which substance has the greatest solubility at 30°C?

b) What is the solubility of KCl at 60°C?



c) A sample of KNO₃ with a mass of 50.0 g is added to 150 mL of water at 40°C. Is this solution saturated or unsaturated. Give explanation or show calculations.

14. Indicate whether each of the following is soluble or insoluble in water:

a) MgSO₄ _____

b) KCl _____

c) (NH₄)₂ CO₃ _____

d) PbS _____

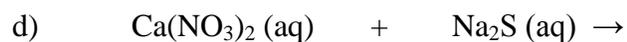
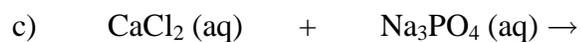
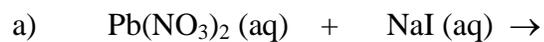
e) Ca(OH)₂ _____

f) Na₃PO₄ _____

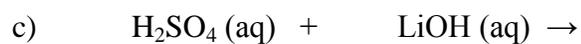
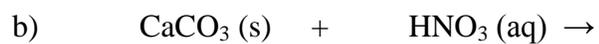
g) PbBr₂ _____

h) Al(OH)₃ _____

15. For each reaction below, write the net ionic equation to show the formation of a precipitate. If no precipitate occurs, write "No Reaction" after the arrow.



16. Complete and balance the following chemical equations:



17. How many mL of a 15 M NH_3 solution is needed to prepare 50. mL of a 6.0 M NH_3 solution?

18. Calculate the molarity of a solution prepared by mixing 250 mL of 0.75 M H_2SO_4 with 150 mL of water.

19. What is the final volume, in mL, when 5.00 mL of 12.0 M NaOH is diluted to 0.600 M?

20. Determine the osmolarity and tonicity of each of the following solutions:

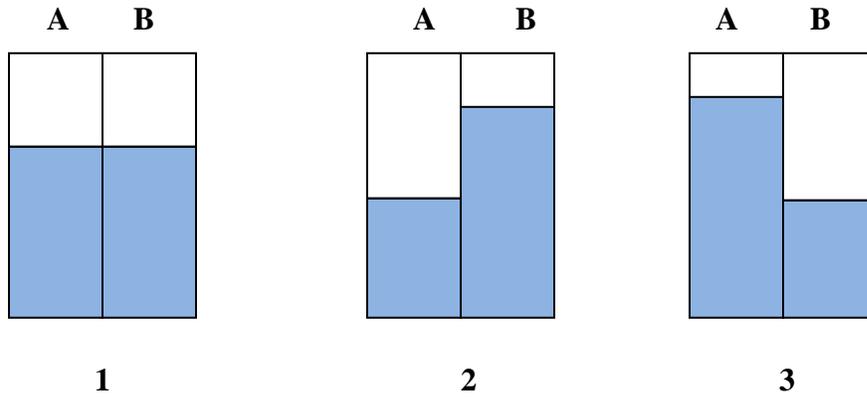
a) 0.15 M KCl _____

b) 0.12 M sucrose _____

c) 0.080 M FeCl_3 _____

d) 0.10 M $\text{Ca}(\text{NO}_3)_2$ _____

21. A semipermeable membrane separates two compartments A and B. If the levels of A and B are equal initially, select the diagram that illustrates the final levels for each of the following solutions:



	<u>Solution in A</u>	<u>Solution in B</u>
a)	2% (m/v) starch	8% (m/v) starch
b)	1% (m/v) starch	1% (m/v) glucose
c)	0.1M NaCl	0.1M glucose
d)	0.15 M CaCl ₂	0.2M NaCl