Unit 5 Sample Quiz A

NS Vi
NS Vt NDO
NS LV NSC (Adj-C)
NS Vt NIO NDO
NS VT NDO NOC (Adj-C)

*Please identify the patterns in the following sentences. Also label adjectives and adverbs.*

1. The store owner recently hired three new cashiers.

2. Mrs. Lopez appointed Lola Chavez manager of the department.

3. My new assistant seems honest and trustworthy.

4. Last week one of the agents sent his customers a new calendar.

5. The man drove recklessly down Van Nuys Boulevard.

6. Some students consider this quiz easy.
Sample Quiz Unit 5B

Please identify the patterns in the following sentences. In addition, please label adjective and adverb words or phrases. (Each element is worth one point)

NS Vi
NS Vt NDO
NS LV NSC (Adj-C)
NS Vt NIO NDO
NS Vt NDO NOC (Adj-C)

1. The nurse gave the little boy a toy truck.

2. After the meeting two of the managers went to the cafeteria.

3. The witness looked exhausted after the long trial.

4. Dr. Chavez will be the new owner of the building.

5. José and Sylvia named their little girl Lupita.

6. Hugo carefully trimmed some of the trees last weekend.
Sample Quiz Unit 5C

Please identify the patterns in the following sentences. In addition, please label adjectives and adverb words or phrases. (Each element is worth one point)

NS Vi
NS Vt NDO
NS LV NSC (Adj-C)
NS Vt NIO NDO
NS Vt NDO NOC (Adj-C)

1. The travel agent sent Mrs. Flores her tickets yesterday.

2. Sara’s accountant completed her tax documents in February.

3. The yellow taxi rushed down the freeway to the airport.

4. Three of the students gave their teacher a shiny red apple.

5. During his testimony the witness seemed upset and confused.

6. The critic called the actor’s performance brilliant.
**Pronouns--Review**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Subjective</th>
<th>Objective</th>
<th>Possessive Adjective</th>
<th>Possessive Pronoun</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1st person</td>
<td>I</td>
<td>me</td>
<td>my</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2nd person</td>
<td>you</td>
<td>you</td>
<td>your</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3rd person</td>
<td>he, she, it</td>
<td>him, her, it</td>
<td>his, her, its</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Interrogative/ Relative</td>
<td>who</td>
<td>whom</td>
<td>whose</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Subjective case pronouns** are used for the *subject* of a sentence or for the *noun subject complement* following a linking verb (NS or NSC).

- subject of a verb--NS
  - *She* has applied for the position.
  - Charles, Pat, and *I* will review the materials.

- noun subject complement of a linking verb--NSC
  - The winner was *he*.
  - The committee members could have been *they*.
  - Who was *he*?

**Objective case pronouns** are used when the pronoun is the *noun direct object* or *noun indirect object* of a verb or the *object of a preposition* (NDO, NIO, or NOP).

- noun direct object (NDO)
  - The director hired *them* immediately.

- noun indirect object (NIO)
  - The students threw George and *him* a party.

- object of a preposition (NOP)
  - I spoke to *him* regarding the contract.
  - No one except *me* knows the password.

**Possessive case pronouns** are written without apostrophes. They should not be confused with contractions. They are used to indicate ownership.

- possessive pronoun--no apostrophe
  - I found the book, but *its* cover had been torn.
  - Is this *hers*?
  - Whose idea was it?